# **DBV TECHNOLOGIES S.A.**

Société anonyme

107 avenue de la République, Chatillon 92320

# Statutory auditors' report on the financial statements

For the year ended December 31, 2024

KPMG SA

Tour EQHO 2,

Avenue Gambetta - CS 60055 92066

Paris-La Défense Cedex

S.A. au capital de 5 497 100 €

775 726 417 RCS Nanterre

Société de Commissariat aux Comptes inscrite à la Compagnie Régionale de Versailles et du Centre

Deloitte & Associés

6, place de la Pyramide

92908 Paris-La Défense Cedex

S.A.S. au capital de 2 188 160 €

572 028 041 RCS Nanterre

Société de Commissariat aux Comptes inscrite à la Compagnie Régionale de Versailles et du Centre

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Société anonyme

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# Statutory auditors' report on the financial statements

For the year ended December 31, 2024

This is a translation into English of the statutory auditors' report on the financial statements of the Company issued in French and it is provided solely for the convenience of English speaking users.

This statutory auditors' report includes information required by European regulation and French law, such as information about the appointment of the statutory auditors or verification of the management report and other documents provided to shareholders.

This report should be read in conjunction with, and construed in accordance with, French law and professional auditing standards applicable in France.

To the DBV Technologies S.A. Shareholders' Meeting,

# Opinion

In compliance with the engagement entrusted to us by your Shareholders' Meeting, we have audited the accompanying financial statements of DBV Technologies S.A. for the year ended December 31, 2024.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets and liabilities and of the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2024 and of the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with French accounting principles.

The audit opinion expressed above is consistent with our report to the Audit Committee.

## **Basis for Opinion**

**Audit Framework** 

We conducted our audit in accordance with professional standards applicable in France. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Statutory Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

Independence

We conducted our audit engagement in compliance with independence requirements of the French Commercial Code (*code de commerce*) and the French Code of Ethics (*code de déontologie*) for statutory auditors for the period from January 1, 2024 to the date of our report, and specifically we did not provide any prohibited non-audit services referred to in Article 5(1) of Regulation (EU) No 537/2014.

# **Justification of Assessments - Key Audit Matters**

In accordance with the requirements of Articles L. 821-53 and R. 821-180 of the French Commercial Code (*code de commerce*) relating to the justification of our assessments, we inform you of the key audit matters relating to risks of material misstatement that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period, as well as how we addressed those risks.

These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on specific items of the financial statements.

Going concern

**Key Audit Matter** 

As disclosed in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has financed its growth since its creation through successive share capital increases. The Company does not generate revenue and continues to prepare the potential launch of Viaskin Peanut in the United States and the European Union, if approved.

On April 7, 2025, the Company received gross proceeds of \$125.5 million (€116.3 million) from the issuance of the ABSA and PFW-BS-PFW, as described further in Note 12. With the receipt of the aforementioned proceeds, and based on its current operations, plans and assumptions, the Company estimates that its cash and cash equivalents are sufficient to fund its activities into June 2026.

Due to the importance of the judgment exercised by the Company in preparing operating expense forecasts, we considered the assessment of the going concern principle and the quality of required disclosures be a key audit matter.

#### **Audit response**

In this context, we implemented the following audit procedures:

- We compared the Company's historical forecasted operating expenses to actual results to assess the Company's ability to accurately forecast.
- We performed a sensitivity analysis over the Company's forecasted cash flows by evaluating the effect of changes to the forecasted operating expenses on the Company's going concern assessment.
- We evaluated the reasonableness of the Company's forecasted operating expenses by:
  - o inquiring of senior management to gain an understanding of the Company's operations, strategy, and research and development activities;
  - o comparing the forecasted operating expenses to historical operating expenses;
  - o comparing forecasted operating expenses to management's communications to the Board of Directors and public information disseminated by the Company.
- Finally, we assessed the adequacy of the Company's disclosures related to its going concern assessment by comparing the disclosures to the audit evidence obtained.

## **Specific verifications**

We have also performed, in accordance with professional standards applicable in France, the specific verifications required by laws and regulations.

Information given in the management report and in the other documents addressed to shareholders with respect to the financial position and the financial statements

We have no matters to report as to the fair presentation and the consistency with the financial statements of the information given in the report of the Board of Directors and in the other documents with respect to the financial position and the financial statements provided to Shareholders.

We attest the fair presentation and consistency with the financial statements of the information relating to payment deadlines mentioned in Article D.441-6 of the French Commercial Code (code de commerce).

Report on corporate governance

We attest that the Board of Directors' report on corporate governance sets out the information required by Articles L.225-37-4, L. 22-10-10 and L.22-10-9 of the French Commercial Code.

Concerning the information given in accordance with the requirements of Article L. 22-10-9 of the French Commercial Code (*code de commerce*) relating to remunerations and benefits received by or awarded to the directors and any other commitments made in their favor, we have verified the consistency with the financial statements, or with the underlying information used to prepare these financial statements and, where applicable, with the information obtained by your Company from controlled companies included in the scope of consolidation. Based on these procedures, we attest the accuracy and fair presentation of this information.

#### Other information

In accordance with French law, we have verified that the required information concerning the identity of the shareholders and holders of the voting rights has been properly disclosed in the management report.

#### **Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

Format of presentation of the financial statements intended to be included in the annual financial report

We have also verified, in accordance with the professional standard applicable in France relating to the procedures performed by the statutory auditor relating to the annual and consolidated financial statements presented in the European single electronic format, that the presentation of the financial statements intended to be included in the annual financial report mentioned in Article L.451-1-2, I of the French Monetary and Financial Code (*code monétaire et financier*), prepared under the responsibility of the Chief Executive Officer, complies with the single electronic format defined in the European Delegated Regulation No. 2019/815 of December 17, 2018.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the presentation of the financial statements intended to be included in the annual financial report complies, in all material respects, with the European single electronic format.

We have no responsibility to verify that the financial statements that will ultimately be included by your Company in the annual financial report filed with the AMF are in agreement with those on which we have performed our work.

**Appointment of the Statutory Auditors** 

We were appointed as statutory auditors of DBV Technologies S.A. by the Shareholders' Meetings held on April 20, 2020 for KPMG SA and December 9, 2011 for Deloitte & Associés.

As at December 31, 2024, Deloitte & Associés and KPMG were in the 14<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> year of total uninterrupted engagement, which are the 13<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> year since securities of the Company were admitted to trading on a regulated market, respectively.

### Responsibilities of Management and those charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with French accounting principles and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless it is expected to liquidate the Company or to cease operations.

The Audit Committee is responsible for monitoring the financial reporting process and the effectiveness of internal control and risks management systems and, where applicable, its internal audit, regarding the accounting and financial reporting procedures.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors.

# Statutory Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Objectives and audit approach

Our role is to issue a report on the financial statements. Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards will

always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As specified in Article L. 821-55 of the French Commercial Code (*code de commerce*), our statutory audit does not include assurance on the viability of the Company or the quality of management of the affairs of the Company.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards applicable in France, the statutory auditor exercises professional judgment throughout the audit and furthermore:

- Identifies and assesses the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, designs and performs audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtains audit
  evidence considered to be sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for his opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud
  may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
  control;
- Obtains an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the internal control;
- Evaluates the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management in the financial statements;
- Assesses the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. This assessment is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of his audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern. If the statutory auditor concludes that a material uncertainty exists, there is a requirement to draw attention in the audit report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are not provided or inadequate, to modify the opinion expressed therein;
- Evaluates the overall presentation of the financial statements and assesses whether these statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

**Report to the Audit Committee** 

We submit to the Audit Committee a report which includes in particular a description of the scope of the audit and

the audit program implemented, as well as the results of our audit. We also report, if any, significant deficiencies in

internal control regarding the accounting and financial reporting procedures that we have identified.

Our report to the Audit Committee includes the risks of material misstatement that, in our professional judgment,

were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and which are therefore the

key audit matters that we are required to describe in this report.

We also provide the Audit Committee with the declaration provided for in Article 6 of Regulation (EU) no.

537/2014, confirming our independence within the meaning of the rules applicable in France such as they are set in

particular by Articles L. 821-27 to L. 821-34 of the French Commercial Code (code de commerce) and in the French

Code of Ethics for statutory auditors (code de déontologie). Where appropriate, we discuss with the Audit

Committee the risks that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and the related safeguards.

Paris-La Défense, April 11, 2025

The Statutory Auditors

KPMG S.A.

Deloitte & Associés

Renaud Cambet

Stéphane Ménard